

CAT™ 499

Data Sheet

Applications

- Hotel Ballrooms
- Convention Centers
- Music Reinforcement
- Speech Reinforcement
- Auditoriums
- Room Enhancement Systems

Features

- Controlled Directivity (100° conic)
- Sensitivity 97 dB 1W/1M
- Bandwidth 70Hz-15kHz
- Power Handling 150 Watts Pink Noise
- Production Units 100% TEF® tested

Options

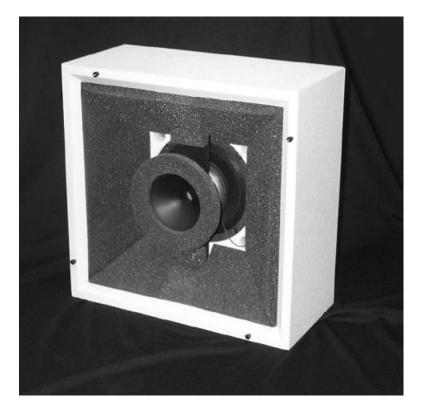
- Frazier Adjustable Wall Mount
- Internal Hanging Hardware
- 70V Line Matching Transformers

Groundbreaking Design

Based on the popular CAT 40, the CAT 499 sets new standards in electroacoustic performance in a compact multipurpose loudspeaker. Retaining all the attributes that contribute to the CAT 40's unequalled performance, the CAT 499 offers improvements in high frequency directivity and a substantial increase in acoustic output.

Optimized Directivity

Like the CAT 40, The CAT 499 employs horn loading for *both* low and high frequency sections. This feature is essential in maintaining the desired directivity behavior over the widest possible range of frequencies. The high frequency horn incorporate a multitransitional shape that eliminates high-frequency beaming. This horn shape causes no off-axis loss of high frequencies or crossover-range response suckouts common to alternative devices. Systems using the CAT 499 will generate musical, full range sound over their entire coverage area.



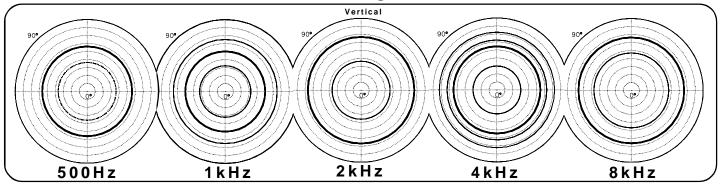
Coincident Performance

As with all Frazier coincident loudspeakers, low and high frequency sections of the CAT 499 behave acoustically as a single device, resulting in a crossover transition that is seamless at any angle. The CAT 499's ability to faithfully reproduce complex transient signals enhances both its intelligibility and its musicality. Every unit is TEF ® tested before shipment, a Frazier exclusive.

Designed for Maximum Utility

Housed in the same enclosure as the CAT 40, the CAT 499 builds on a proven problem-solving package. Enclosure depth is kept to a minimum, making the CAT 499 equally useful in recessed, wall-mount, and flown installations. Factory installed accessories include ceiling baffles, matching transformers, and mounting brackets and hardware.

Octave Averaged Isobars



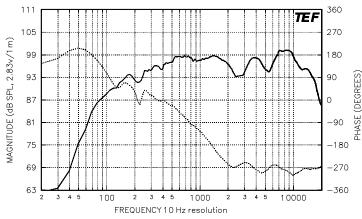
Note: Isobars are in 3dB increments (6dB contours in bold); concentric grid is 10 degrees per division.

ARCHITECTS' and ENGINEERS' SPECIFICATION

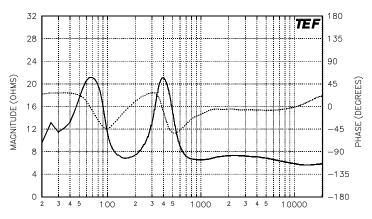
The loudspeaker shall be a two way coaxial system. The low frequency section shall consist of one 8" (203 mm) woofer driving a conic directivity horn. The high frequency section shall consist of a conic directivity horn driven by a 1" (25mm) throat, ferrofluid cooled, compression driver. Low and high frequency signal arrivals shall be in temporal alignment throughout the coverage pattern without the use of any device external to the loudspeaker. An included passive network shall shall provide elementspecific signal treatment and crossover filtering. The system amplitude response shall be within plus or minus 3 dB of flat from 90 Hz to 15 kHz on axis. Octave averaged coverage angles (-6 dB relative to on axis levels) shall be 110° conic (+10°/-10°) from 500 Hz-16kHz. The loudspeaker shall be capable of producing 119dB continuous SPL at a distance of 1 meter with no more than 150 watts electrical input power. Maximum weight shall be 35 lbs. (15.9kg) and maximum dimensions shall be 17 5/8" x 17 5/8" x" 8 3/4" (448mm x 448mm x 222mm). The loudspeaker shall be the Frazier CAT 499.

Power Considerations - The power rating used for the CAT 499 is derived as specified by the AES (AES2-1984). A pink noise signal is clipped to a 2:1 (6dB) peak/RMS ratio and filtered with with low and high pass filters matched to the device bandwidth. This signal is applied to the loudspeaker for a 2 hour period. All appropriate parameters are checked after this exercise to ensure proper performance. The power rating is set as the upper limit of safe operation and is determined by evaluating the RMS voltage applied during the test and the nominal impedance of the loudspeaker. Thus, the power rating = V^2 rms/Znom. This test is run on several production units as a final validation of the rating.

Frequency Response (1/6 octave smoothing)



Impedance vs Frequency



Specifications		Directivity (Octave Averaged)		
Bandwidth	90Hz-15kHz +/- 3 dB	Frequency	Coverage (H x V)	Q
Power Handling Sensitivity (2.83vrms/1m) Impedance (Nom./Min.) Transducers	150 Watts (See Above) 97 dB SPL $8\Omega/5.6\Omega$ 1 ea. $8"(254\text{mm})$ LF, 1 ea. $1"(25\text{mm})$ HF driver, ferrofluid cooled 1500 Hz Recessed Barrier Strip 38lb (18 kg) $17.5/8" \times 17.5/8" \times 18.3/4" (448\text{mm} \times 448\text{mm} \times 222\text{mm})$ MDF panels with lock mitered edges	250Hz 500Hz 1kHz 2kHz 4kHz	200° Conic 115°Conic 100° Conic 135° Conic 110° Conic	1.7 4.5 6.9 5.1 8.7
Crossover Frequency Input Connection Weight Dimensions Construction		8kHz Ordering Information Model Numbers Black White Oak Walnut	130° Conic on	4.7 F14990 F14993 F14994
		Antiscuff F14995 Drawings and additional data available on request. Specifications are subject to change without notice.		



